Claims

1. A method for password enhancing, which method comprises the steps of entering a user password and irreversibly
5 encrypting the user password.

2. A method according to claim 1, in which the encryption comprises a hash operation.

10 3. A method according to claim 1 or claim 2, in which the method comprises the additional step of using an encrypted first stored key (NEPKEY) to encrypt the irreversibly encrypted user password (HASH).

15 4. A method according to claim 3, in which the first stored key is encrypted by a public key encryption algorithm.

5. A method according to claim 3 or claim 4, in which the
20 method comprises the additional step of decrypting an encrypted second stored key (UPEK) using the decrypted first stored key (NEPKEY).

6. A method according to claim 5, in which the second
25 stored key is encrypted by a reversible algorithm.

7. A method according to claim 5 or claim 6, in which the result (HASH) of the irreversibly encrypted user password is encrypted using the second stored key (UPEK) as an
30 encryption key.

8. A data access method comprising the steps of producing an enhanced password according to any one of claims 1 to 7,

comparing the enhanced password with a password associated
with the data, and permitting access to the data only if
the enhanced password and the data password correspond.

5   9.   A computer program for carrying out the method of claim
     8.

     10. A carrier comprising a program according to claim 9.

10   11. A data communication system comprising an input device
     for generating a plurality of input signals available from
     a set of input signals and a character generator configured
     to receive an input signal and generate an output signal
     comprising a plurality of signals from the set of input
15   signals in which the output signal is different from the
     signal input to the character generator.

     12. A data communication system according to claim 11, in
     which the output signal is of a different length to the
20   signal input to the character generator.

     13. A data communication system according to claim 12, in
     which the output signal is longer than the signal input to
     the character generator.
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     14. A data communication system according to any one of
     claims 11 to 13, in which the system further comprises
     means for comparing the output signal with a stored
     password.
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     15. A data communication system according to claim 14, in
     which the comparison means further comprises means for

outputting a signal dependent upon the correspondence of
the output signal with the stored password.

16. A data communication system according to any one of

5 claims 11 to 15, in which the input device comprises a
keyboard.

17. A data communication system according to claim 16, in
which the set of available input signals comprises all or

10 part of the character set of the keyboard.

18. A data communication system according to any one of
claims 11 to 17, in which the system comprises a first
input and a second input in which the character generator

15 receives signals from the first input and does not receive
signals from the second input.

19. A data communication system according to claim 18, in
which the first input is a local input device such as a

20 keyboard or microphone and the second input is a remote
based input device typically providing signals via a modem
connection.

20. A data communication system according to claim 19, in

25 which the input signal comprises or corresponds to one of
the set of input signals.

21. A data communication system according to claim 20, in
which the set of input signals comprises alphanumeric

30 characters.

22. A digital computer comprising a data communication
system according to any one of claims 11 to 21.

23. A data communication method comprising receiving an input signal available from a set of input signals, generating an output signal comprising a plurality of signals from the set of available input signals, in which the output signal is different from the input signal.

24. A method according to claim 23, in which the method further comprises the step of repeating the operation for a plurality of input signals.

25. A method according to claim 23 or claim 24, in which the output signals vary in length one from the other.

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